37, at the outer or lefthand end portion thereof. The web 37 is connected to another annular transverse web 38, which extends inwardly from the rim or peripheral portions 39, by means of a hollow cylindrical web 41 leaving, as in the case of the cap 18, a cylindrical aperture or pocket 42 into which the free end of the axle 15 protrudes, as shown most clearly in FIGURE 3.

The cap 35, while being permitted to turn freely on the axle 15, is prevented from any appreciable longitudinal movement thereon by stop means. Said stop means 10 may be projections 34 and associated washer 40, which may be like the washer 31, on the one hand, and a similar washer 32 at the free end of said axle and held in place by suitable securing means. The securing means may take the form of a pin 44 force-fitted in a corresponding 15 aperture in the end of the axle 15, or a screw threaded into place in said end, as may be desired. In any event, the cap 35 is normally functionally immovable longitudinally along the axle 15, as will be evident from a consideration of FIGURE 3.

The cap 35 is, like the cap 18, provided with means for gripping the inner surface of the sleeve 16 to prevent undesired longitudinal movement or turning with respect thereto. In this case, however, the means take the form of a plurality, in this instance five, spring fingers 45, as 25 parts of the peripheral portion 39, the outer ends of which are beveled or tapered, as indicated at 46. fingers 45 are braced against undesired flexing by webs 47 in the hollow or annular space between the web 41 and said fingers 45. The inner portions of the fingers 45, 30 or to the right of the beveling 46, are reversely beveled or tapered to a slight extent, as indicated at 48, so that the maximum diameter of said fingers 45 is at the intersection between these bevels, as indicated at 49, thereby providing for maximum gripping action between said 35 fingers and the sleeve 16, intermediate the ends of said cap 35 to frictionally hold the sleeve in place thereon.

In order to insure against the bending of some of the fingers 45 to a greater extent than others and to provide for centering the sleeve 16 on the cap 35, I provide 40 between the fingers 45, but circumferentially spaced therefrom as indicated at 51, a corresponding series of sleevesupport members 52. The outer ends of said members 52 are tapered or beveled, as indicated at 53. These members 52 are braced and rigidified, with respect to the 45 hub 36 and the webs 37, 38 and 41, by means of radial webs 54, one under each of the five members 52, as shown most clearly in FIGURES 2 and 3.

From the foregoing disclosure it will be seen that, in assembling the sleeve 16 with respect to the caps 35 50 and 18, said sleeve is applied over the cap 35, starting from about the position indicated at 55 in FIGURE 1. The sleeve 16 is then moved along the beveled portions 53 and 46, reaching the cylindrical portions of the elements 52 beyond said beveled portions 53, while still con- 55 tinuing to move along the beveled portions 46 of the spring fingers 45.

Finally, the peaks 49 of said spring fingers 45 are reached and the maximum gripping effect thereby ob-The sleeve 16, however, is continued along the 60 cap 35 until it also slides over the cap 18 to the final position, indicated fragmentarily by the reference character 16 in FIGURE 1, where it engages the stop flange 23 on the cap 18. In moving the sleeve to this final position, the ribs 21 firmly grip the inner surface of the sleeve 16 after said sleeve is slid beyond the beveled portions 22 of said ribs, where said sleeve then bridges the distance between the caps 18 and 35, covering them both

To remove the sleeve 16 from the caps 35 and 18, the same may be pulled therefrom, or to the left as viewed in 70 FIGURE 1. This action starts sliding the sleeve 16 from the spring fingers 45, but the head 18 will follow the sleeve, through the dotted-line portion of FIGURE 1, until said head is finally stopped by the projections 34. The

pulling beyond the position designated by the reference character 55

From the foregoing it will be seen that I have provided a paint roller consisting of a cover member or sleeve 16 which is installed by sliding over an outer end cap 35 and onto an inner end cap 18 until it is stopped by an end flange 23 thereon. The outer cap 35 is constructed to provide adequate pressure on the inside of the cover 16, preventing the latter from slipping longitudinally or turning thereon, which pressure is provided, in the present embodiment, by five contact fingers. This feature is an improvement in that the pressure is provided by integral portions of the plastic cap 35 without the necessity for separately formed resilient means.

The inner end cap 18 is slidable close to the outer cap 35 for easier application and removal, as well as to facilitate cleaning in a minimum amount of liquid.

Said cap 35 is constructed to provide maximum gripping force consistent with strength, which force may be even greater than that provided by the spring fingers 45 as it may be tolerated because of the relatively short distance the sleeve 16 has to be moved thereover to the final position. However, the device is operative without the desirable gripping action of the cap 18 by virtue of the sleeve 16 being gripped by the cap 35 and holding the cap 18 in place by engaging its flange 23. The ribs 21 of the head 18 provide both strength for the unit and means for making it accept covers of varying inside diameters within manufacturing limits. These ribs will tend to flatten as well as bite into the inner surface of the cover 16 as the latter is installed. By having as many as twelve ribs 21, the distoring action of the associated parts as they are fitted together is distributed and there thus occurs no appreciable variation from the cylindrical.

Having now described the invention in detail in accordance with the requirements of the patent statutes, those skilled in this art will have no difficulty in making changes and modifications in the individual parts or their relative assembly in order to meet specific requirements or conditions. Such changes and modifications may be made without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention, as set forth in the following claims.

1. A mandrel for the rotatable mounting on a paint roller axle of the cover sleeve of the paint roller, said mandrel having a hub formed to directly journal on said axle, a rim formed as spring fingers and support members integral with the mandrel, said spring fingers being longitudinally beveled both ways from intermediate portions thereof, lying around the periphery, an annular web perpendicular to the mandrel axis and extending inwardly from an outer end of each of said fingers and said support members, webs bracing the connections of said fingers to said annular web and extending radially therebetween, said fingers being formed to resiliently engage the inner surface of said sleeve to frictionally hold it in place on the mandrel, said support members for said sleeve extending longitudinally from said annular web, alternating peripherally with said fingers, and webs rigidly bracing said support members with respect to said annular web and radiating inwardly to said hub.

2. A mandrel as recited in claim 1, wherein there is another annular web, disposed in a transverse plane intermediate the ends of said rim, united to an end portion of said hub, a hollow cylindrical web connecting the outer edge of said other annular web to the inner edge of said first-mentioned annular web, the radiating webs for said support members are united to said other annular web and said hollow cylindrical web, and the radiating webs for said spring fingers are united to said first-mentioned annular web and said cylindrical web.

3. A roller device adapted for the application of paint or the like, comprising a shaft shaped to form a handle portion and an axle portion disposed at an angle to said sleeve may then be removed from both heads by further 75 handle portion, a pair of plastic caps rotatably mounted